

Pitch Conference

AFM[®] 2021 ONLINE

**A GUIDE TO CREATING AN
EFFECTIVE VIDEO PITCH**

Table of Contents

Overview	3
Types of Pitches Accepted	3
Submission Schedule	3
Develop Your Video Pitch Script	4
Video Pitch Structures	4
Rehearse and Record Your Video Pitch	5
Submit Your Pitch to AFM Online	7
Selection Criteria	8
Technical Instructions	9

Overview

The AFM Online Pitch Conference gives attendees the opportunity to watch film script pitches in action and learn how to effectively pitch ideas themselves.

The Pitch Conference is structured in the following way:

- Each selected pitcher has EXACTLY two minutes to pitch their film script idea to a panel of distinguished producers by way of video conferencing
- The panelists then take three minutes to provide an honest critique.
- If you are selected to pitch, you will be heard by an audience of over 300 people, mostly industry professionals.

To be considered to pitch online at the AFM Pitch Conference, you will need to submit a 2-minute video pitch by **October 15, 2021**.

What types of pitches are accepted?

- ✓ Narrative feature film scripts in any genre
- ✓ Long-form television scripts in any genre

AFM Online 2021 Submission Schedule

- **October 15:** Video Pitch submission deadline
- **October 22:** Email Notification of selection to pitch onstage
- The Pitch Conference will be held the first week of November.

Develop Your Video Pitch Script

Your 2-minute video must answer three questions:

What's your name?

What's the genre and tone of your project?

What's your project about?

Video Pitch Structures

It's completely up to you to determine the best way to pitch your project. That said, here are a few video pitch structures you can contemplate to help you answer the three questions:

```
"Hi, my name is [NAME]. My project is a [GENRE] in the vein of [TONALLY SIMIILAR PROJECT]. It's called [TITLE] and it's about [LOG LINE]. The project continues to follow [MAIN CHARACTER AND SUPPORTING CHARACTER] as they [SECOND ACT ACTIVITY]. Problems occur when [MIDPOINT COMPLICATION OR SECOND ACT LOW POINT]. Now they must [THIRD ACT STRATEGY] or face [CONSEQUENCES]."
```

```
"Hi, my name is [NAME]. I'm a [OCCUPATION] and I live in [LOCATION]. My project is a [GENRE] called [TITLE]. Once upon a time . Every day _ . One day _ . Because of that . Because of that . Until finally_ _____."
```

```
"Hi, I'm [NAME] and I'm from [LOCATION]. On the verge of a [STASIS = DEATH] moment, a flawed hero [BREAKS INTO TWO] with the [B-STORY], but when the [MIDPOINT] happens, he/she must learn the [THEME] before [ALL IS LOST] to defeat the [OBSTACLE/ANTAGONIST]."
```

Rehearse & Record Your Video Pitch

In order to effectively deliver a pitch on camera, you have to rehearse. There's something about pitching out loud that helps you notice problem areas, clarify sentence structure, and fix any components of the pitch that might not be working.

Remember...as uncomfortable as you might be watching yourself on video and pitching to an empty room at first, judges can always tell the difference between someone who has practiced their pitch and taken the time to rehearse before submitting their video and/or pitching live onstage. Here are some tips and suggestions related to creating and rehearsing your video pitch:

Step 1: Choose Your Ideal Listener

No matter what the subject is, pitching to a camera can be challenging. To make it easier, identify a person in your life, who's not only a member of your project's target market, but someone you'd feel comfortable delivering your video pitch to. To be clear, this person does not need to be in the actual room when you're pitching. This is someone you'll imagine listening to your pitch while you practice. The idea is to replicate the kind of comfortable and conversational style you'd have with a friend. When the camera starts rolling, look into the lens and start speaking to the person you feel most comfortable with.

Step 2: Read Out Loud

Start by reading aloud while you're looking at your actual pitch notes. Read it a few times... and time yourself. You'll start to realize if you're running over two minutes and you'll be able to make sentences shorter or more concise, as needed. You'll also find areas that sound more natural when expressed as sentence fragments, rather than complete sentences.

Step 3: Write on Notecards

Write out your pitch on notecards - one paragraph on one side of the notecard and on the reverse side, you can write a header for the paragraph or the first few words as a mental marker.

Step 4: Memorize and Revise

Thoroughly memorize your text and keep polishing! Cross out words, underline where you want emphasis, and add any other notes that might help you during the pitch.

Step 5: Rewrite Notecards

Now that you've honed your pitch, rewrite the text on brand new notecards so the copy is clean. The act of writing out your script can be hugely helpful in memorizing it.

Step 6: Pitch to Camera

Deliver your pitch on camera. Remember to visualize the person you chose in Step 1, the person to whom you can pitch most casually and comfortably. Do not read from a script!

Step 7: Watch Yourself

We know. It's painful. But try to observe where you speak too quickly, where you may need to vary your tone, and where you need to improve on eye contact. Reading word-for-word from notecards is one of the fastest ways to come across as being ill-prepared onstage.

Step 8: Pitch To Camera Ten Times

Pitch to camera ten times in a row. This might sound a little mind-numbing, but after the first five times, you'll get so bored that something magical will start to happen—you'll know your script well enough to improve your performance without having to "do" anything.

Step 9: Record Your Polished Pitch

By this point, you're ready for "Action!"

Record your video pitch and follow the instructions below to submit it for consideration.

Please note: The Complete Guide to Creating an Effective Video Pitch, which includes instructions on how to submit your pitch, will be emailed to participants along with their order confirmation.